

STANDARDS NATIONAL ACTION PLAN (SNAP)

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Need for Standards National Action Plan

To respond to current standardization challenges so that:

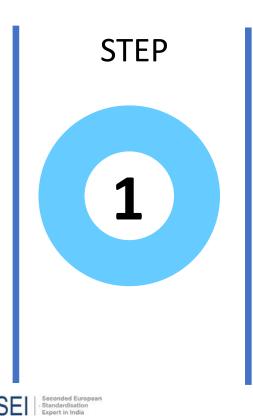
- Standards are developed with clear understanding of national priorities
- Standards take into account emerging technologies
- There is enhanced participation of stakeholders in standards development
- National standardization is integrated within the country and with International standardization







Methodology



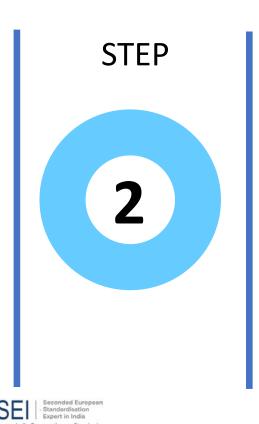
 The Indian National Strategy for Standardisation (INSS) released by Ministry of Commerce & Industry, Govt. of India was taken as the background.

- key elements of the quality infrastructure
- key facilitator of all economic activities
- importance of developing a comprehensive ecosystem for standards development in India by adopting the best intermational practices
- creating a response mechanism to meet the standardisation challenges





Methodology



- Secondary research for prioritisation of key standardization areas through a process as outlined in the ISO guidelines:
 - Dataset from the period 2011-12 to 2016-17
 - Contribution to Gross Domestic Product (GDP)
 - Contribution to trade (both export and import)
 - National Accounts Statistics 2017
 - Balance of Payment dataset of Ministry of Commerce and Industry
 - Export-Import Dataset of Department of Commerce
 - Export-Import databank
 - NITI Aayog reports and the three-year action plan
 - The policy directions and developmental programmes of different ministries
 - · Various world body reports on India





Methodology

STEP



- Extensive process of consultation with stakeholders for identification of the following key issues:
 - Gap areas in standardisation and subjects/ topics to be taken up for future standards development,
 - Evolving mechanism for regular feedback on standards and standardisation needs,
 - Constraints faced in participation in standardisation work both at national and international level,
 - Difficulties faced in implementation of standards, and
 - Capacity building needs of stakeholders for effective participation in standards development.



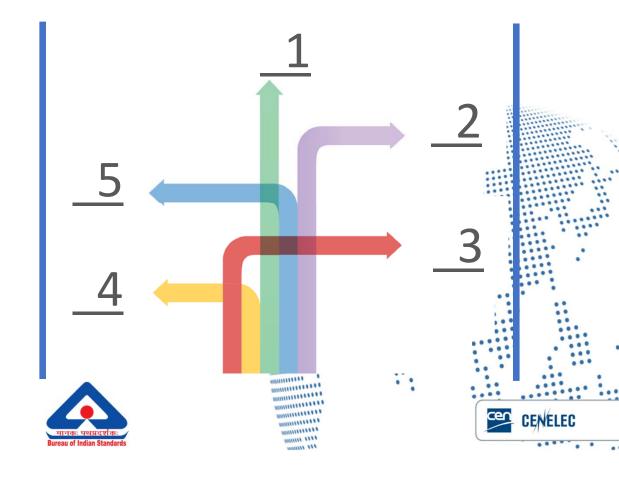




Action Plan - Identified Objectives

- Identification of standardisation needs and enhancing stakeholder involvement
- Making standardisation processes efficient and fast
- Ensuring harmonious standardisation activities in the country
- Increasing participation and involvement in international standardisation activities
- Increasing awareness and implementation of standards





Identification of standardisation needs and enhancing stakeholder involvement



- Interaction with Ministries, Regulators and Industry Associations
- Standardisation Cells in Ministries/ Departments/ Industry Association
- Online submission of standardisation proposals and comments
- Seeking expression of interest for participation of experts
- Capacity building of experts
- Funding of participation
- **Recognition** of contribution
- Young professionals' discussion forum/platform

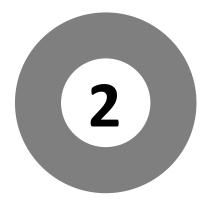






Making standardisation processes efficient and fast

OBJECTIVE



ACTION PLAN

- Extensive use of web conferencing facilities in technical committee meetings.
- Introduction of e-committees in national standards work.
- Creating National Commenting platform for online commenting/feedback on existing standards/draft documents
- Strengthening Project Management approach in standardisation work.
- Conversion of standards to XML format.
- Improving the process of reviewing of existing standards
- Introduction of online authoring and collaboration platform is standards development.







Ensuring harmonious standardisation activities in the country

OBJECTIVE



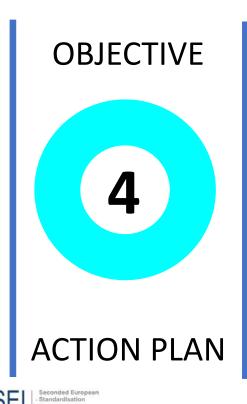
- Introduce a Scheme for Accreditation / Recognition of SDOs by BIS.
- Hold regular meetings with other SDOs in India
- Conduct trainings on Good Standardisation
 Practices for other SDOs.







Increasing participation and involvement in international standardisation activities



- Identify priority areas of participation in ISO & IEC and relevant experts and draw an annual delegation plan.
- Propose **new work items** for standardisation
- Simplify the procedure of approval of delegation
- Seek membership/participation in other international Standards bodies of relevance.
- Agreements with other national/international/global Standards bodies on adoption
- Hosting international events
- collaboration activities with NSBs that are MoU partners







Increasing awareness and implementation of standards



- Awareness programmes for
 - Industry with focus on MSMEs.
 - Govt. Departments/Regulators/ procurement agencies
 - Consumer bodies.
- Product specific training programmes for industry
- Organise conferences/seminars/workshops in partnership with industry bodies/associations, technical and academic institutes or professional bodies.
- Theme based Media campaigns (theme-based)
- Develop publicity and communication materials
- Introduce standards education in academia/academic curriculum.
- Establish contact/interact with innovation centres in academic institutions



Increasing awareness and implementation of standards

OBJECTIVE 5 ACTION PLAN

- Provide limited access to standards used in regulations or on subscription basis.
- Conduct technical committee meetings in universities/ technical institutions.
- Promote/fund R&D work for the purpose of standards development.
- Create easy accessibility to information on Indian standards.
- Young Professionals Programme/Young Standardisers
 Programme
- Registry of testing facilities in the country
- Introduce options for sale of standards as collections







Key standardization areas



- 1) Aerospace
- 2) Agriculture
- 3) Appliances
- 4) Automotive
- 5) Building and Construction
- 6) Chemicals
- 7) Coal & related products
- 8) Electronics
- 9) Engineering
- 10) Environment
- 11) Food & Food processing
- 12) Health & Safety
- 13) Healthcare

- 14) Information Technology
- 15) Leather
- 16) Manufacturing
- 17) New & Renewable Energy
- 18) Petrochemicals
- 19) Petroleum
- 20) Power
- 21) Services
- 22) Steel
- 23) Textiles
- 24) Transportation
- 25) Urban development
- 26) Water resources









Implementation of the Action Plan

- The action plan would be implemented in the **next three years** and the progress monitored periodically in terms of measures identified against each.
- The review process may result in new initiatives being identified so as to meet the emerging requirements and challenges.
- Sustainability, smartness and service standardisation would be the key aspects that would define
 the future national standardisation work of BIS.
- Specific plans and activities/initiatives would further evolve as necessary and appropriate resources would be mobilised to support the work and execute the action plan.
- The National Standards Action Plan would enable BIS to effectively lead the national standardisation work, ensuring that it fulfills its objectives of being a National Standards Body.









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